

German Perfidy and Intrigue Exposed at Washington

Bolshevik Revolution Arranged in Berlin

Continued from page 4

were found on the arrested Captain Konshin two German documents, with notations and stamps of the Petersburg secret police (Okhrana), which show themselves to be the original orders of the Imperial Bank, No. 7433, March 2, 1917, concerning the opening of accounts for Messrs. Lenin, Sumenson, Kozlovsky, Trotsky, and other active workers on the peace propaganda, by order No. 2754 of the Imperial Bank.

These discoveries show that at the proper time steps were not taken to destroy the above-mentioned documents.

For the head of the department: R. BAUER, Adjutant Bukholm.

"Note—Observe the thoughtfulness with which Bauer, a careful man, set down exactly what was in the document, thereby permitting the contents to rise again from the ashes to which perhaps he committed the damaging paper. He admits that the documents found were truthful originals. The world will thank him and Germany will not."

"The letter is remarkable otherwise, for the arrested Captain Konshin mentioned is a German officer, Lieutenant Otto, who appears elsewhere as an agent in the German double-crossing intrigue in the Ukraine. What was behind the mystery of his arrest? What was his faith?"

Document No. 3

(V. K. D. No. 228-2 inclosure.)

Protocol

This protocol, written by us on November 2, 1917, in duplicate, with the consent of the Council of People's Commissars is taken from the Department of Secret Service of the Petrograd district and the former department of police (Okhrana), on instructions of the representatives of the German General Staff in Petrograd:

1. Circular of the German General Staff No. 421, dated June 9, 1914, concerning the immediate mobilization of all industrial enterprises in Germany, and

2. Circular No. 93, dated November 20, 1914, of the General Staff of the High Sea Fleet, concerning the sending into enemy countries of special agents for the destruction of war supplies and materials.

The above noted circulars were given over under signed receipt into the secret service department of the German Staff in Petrograd.

Authorized by the Council of People's Commissars.

ZALEKIND, E. POLIVANOFF, Illegible, but may be MEKHANOSHIN, A. JOFFE.

The circulars 421 and 93 mentioned in this protocol and also one copy of this protocol were received on November 3, 1917, by the secret service department of the German General Staff in Petrograd.

HENRICH, Adj. "Note—The circulars inclosed are in German and are as follows:

(1. Gr. General Staff, Central Abteilung, Section M, No. (blank), Berlin).

CIRCULAR OF JUNE 9, 1914, To Bezirkskommandanten:

Within twenty-four hours of the receipt of this circular you are to inform all industrial concerns by wire that the documents, with industrial mobilization plans and with registration forms, be open, such as are referred to in the circular of the commission of Count von Waldsee and Capri, of June 27, 1887.

No. 421, mobilization section. (2. General Staff of the High Sea Fleet, No. 93).

CIRCULAR OF NOVEMBER 20, 1914.

To Marineagenturen und Flottenverleihen:

You are ordered to mobilize immediately all destruction agents and observers in those commercial and military ports in Canada and America where munitions are being loaded on ships going to Russia, France and England, where there are storehouses of such munitions and where fighting units are stationed. It is necessary to hire through third parties who stand in no relations to the official representatives of Germany agents for arranging explosions on ships bound for enemy countries and for arranging delays, embolisms and difficulties during the loading, dispatching and unloading of ships. For this purpose we are especially recommending to your attention loaders (gangs, among whom there are many anarchists and escaped criminals) and that you get in touch with German and neutral shipping offices as a means of observing agents of enemy countries who are receiving and shipping the munitions.

Money required for the hiring and bribing of persons necessary for the designated purpose will be placed at your disposal at your request.

Nachrichten Bureau of the General Staff of the High Sea Fleet.

KOENIG.

"Note—Both the circulars bear the pencilled notation that the German Secret Service Bureau at Petrograd has received them, signed, Agasier, the cipher signature of Major Lubert, head of the bureau, as will be shown in Document No. 5. The German intent here was to remove from the records of the old Russian government the evidence, first, that Germany was beginning in June, 1914, its active preparations for the war that surprised the world in August, 1914, and second, to remove the evidence of its responsibility for incendiarism and explosions in the United States, a country with which Germany was then at peace. The result was to give new evidence of the truth of the charges.

"Have original of protocol and have the printed circulars."

Document No. 4

(G. G. S. Nachrichten Bureau, Section R, No. 35.)

January 17, 1918.

To the Commissar of Foreign Affairs:

The section has received exact information that the leaders of the Socialist party now ruling in Russia, through Messrs. Fuerstenberg and Radok, are in correspondence with Messrs. Scheidemann and Parvus regarding the destruction of the traces of the business relations of the party with the imperial government. We also knew that this demand was caused by the demand of leading groups of German Socialists who saw in the said communication a danger to the cause of world socialism. By order of the staff, I have the honor to request the submitting of this question to special discussion in the presence of the representative of our staff and Mr. von Schoenemann.

For the head of the department: M. Waal.

"Note—The world penalty, therefore, was apparent to some Germans. Of the personalities named in the letter Scheidemann, the leader of the German government's supporting wing of the Socialist parties is the most notable."

"Once before he has been named in relation to the 'business relations' of the Russian Bolsheviks with the imperial government, writing a letter from Berlin August 25, 1917, to a 'Mr. Olberg,' in which he stated that 150,000 kroner had been placed at Olberg's disposal at Fuerstenberg's office through the Nix Bank (Document No. 18). Now, Fuerstenberg by this time, January, in Petrograd, at Smolny, is trying to help Scheidemann in covering up old trails. Padok is a clever Polish-Austrian Jew, who came from Switzerland when they staged the public play-acting at Brest-Litovsk. Von Schoenemann was the accredited German representative to the Bolshevik Foreign Office. He is named later in Document No. 5. Parvus is a handler of German propaganda money, with headquarters at Copenhagen, and is credited with being the directing force behind Joffe.

"Have photograph of this letter."

Document No. 5

(Gr. (Great) General Staff, Central Abteilung (division), Section M, Oct., 1917, Berlin.)

Secret Department No. 31.

To the Council of People's Commissars: In accordance with the agreement which took place in Kronstadt in July of the present year, between officials of our General Staff and leaders of the Russian revolutionary army and democracy, Messrs. Lenin, Trotsky, Raskolnikov and Dybenko, the Russian division of our General Staff operating in Finland is ordering to Petrograd officers for the disposal of the information department of the staff. At the head of the Petrograd division will be the following officers who use the Russian language perfectly and who are acquainted with Russian conditions:

Major Lubert, cipher signature, Agasier; Major von Boelke, cipher signature, Schott; Major Bayermeister, cipher signature, Ber; Lieutenant Hartwig, cipher signature, Henrich.

The espionage department, in accordance with the agreement with Messrs. Lenin, Trotsky and Zinovieff, will have the surveillance of the foreign embassies and military missions and on the counter revolutionary movement, and also will perform the espionage and counter espionage work on the internal fronts, for which purpose agents will be assigned to the espionage cities.

Coincidentally, it is announced that at the disposal of the Government of People's Commissars are assigned consultants to the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Mr. von Schoenemann, and to the Ministry of Finance, Mr. von Toll.—Chief of the Russian Division, German General Staff, O. Rausch; Adjutant, U. Wolf.

To the Commissariat on Foreign Affairs: The officers indicated in this paper have been before the military-revolutionary committee and have agreed on conditions with Muraviev, Boia and Danishevski, with regard to their mutual activities. They have all come under the direction of the committee. The consultants will appear as called for.

Chairman Military Revolutionary Committee, Council of Workers' and Soldiers' Deputies, A. Joffe; Secretary, P. Krusnawitch.

The Working Compact

"Note—Here is the working compact. If Rausch was then in Berlin he presumably came immediately after-

ward to Petrograd. It is more probable that the letter was written in Finland than Berlin. In some other letter, on which Berlin is printed, the word is run through with a pen. Stationery was hard to get in Petrograd. Major Lubert became the head of the information or intelligence bureau (Nachrichten bureau); Kronstadt was in connection with the project to sell the Russian fleet to Germany. Dybenko was the commissar of the fleet, the naval minister, a driving man and keen witted. Zinovieff is the president of the Petrograd Soviet, during the winter the most powerful of the local bodies of the Russian Soviets. He is Jewish and well educated. Joffe, in the letter of Bolshevik acceptance of the German compact, again stands forth for what he is, the spokesman, after Lenin, in all matters of supreme importance to Germany.

"Have photograph of the joint letter."

Document No. 6

(Gr. General Staff, Central Division, No. 813, November 1917.)

To the Council of People's Commissars: This is to advise you that the following persons have been put at the disposal of the Russian government as military advisers: Major Erich, Major Bode, Major Sasse, Major Zimmermann, Major Anders, Lieutenant Haase, Lieutenant Klein, Lieutenant Breit.

These officers will choose a cadre of the most suitable officers from the list of our prisoners, who will likewise be at the disposal of the Russian government, as was agreed at the conference in Stockholm, when Lenin, Zinovieff and others were travelling through to Russia.—Head of the Russian Section, German General Staff, O. Rausch; adjutant, U. Wolf.

"Note—Major Anders took the Russian name Rubakov and Major Erich the Russian name Egorov. Lenin and Zinovieff passed through Germany and Stockholm together.

"Have photograph of letter."

Document No. 7

(G. G. S. Nachrichten Bureau, Section R, January 12, 1918.)

Confidential.

To the Commissar of Foreign Affairs: By the order of the local department of the German General Staff the Intelligence Section has in-

formed us of the names and the characteristics of the main candidates for the reelection of the Central Executive Committee. The General Staff orders us to insist on the election of the following persons: Trotsky, Lenin, Zinovieff, Kameneff, Joffe, Sherevlov, Lunacharski, Kollontai, Fabrizius, Martov, Milk, Preobrazhenski, Solless, Studer, Golberg, Avanesov, Volodarski, Raskolnikov, Stuchka, Peters, and Neubast. Please inform the president of the council of the General Staff's wish.

—Head of department, Agasier; Adjutant, Henrich.

"Note.—The indorsements are: 'Copy handed to chairman council workers and soldiers' deputies, N. 956.' 'Deliver to Comrade Zinovieff and to secret department' (signature illegible). January 12, Russian calendar, fell in the early part of the week of the all-Russian Soviet convention in Petrograd, the week after the forcible dissolution of the Constituent Assembly. The election came at the end of the week and was a perfunctory reelection of practically the whole former executive committee of commissars. Lacking the exact lists, I nevertheless can state that the present executive committee was drafted from this group. The name there surprising to me is that of Martov, the leader of Menshivika, though it is my recollection that this party of opposition was allowed representation.

"Martov is an able writer, was associated with Trotsky in his Paris journalistic venture, but was supposed to have split with him in Russia. The evidence that he is still agreeable to Germany is pertinent. Madame Kollontai, the only woman on this list, was the commissar of public welfare. She was sent abroad for foreign propaganda in February, but did not get beyond Scandinavia and later returned to Russia. Kameneff, who went out of Russia with Kollontai, also sought to return, but was arrested by the Finnish White Guards (not the Germans) on the Aland Islands, and his release was the subject of negotiations. He is Trotsky's brother-in-law. Sverdlov was temporary chairman of the all-Russian Soviet. Lunacharski commissar of education.

"Steklov is editor of the official paper 'Isvestia.' Volodarski, who has lived in the United States, was in close confidence with Lenin. He was killed in Moscow the last week in June. Agasier, who delivered the order in behalf of Rausch, is Major Lubert.

"Have photograph of letter."

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Women's Footwear, \$6.85

Extra Value, Anticipate and Buy Now



\$6.85

This is footwear that is made for a double purpose—comfort and good looks.

Two distinctive models. They are 8 inches high. One is a dark tan, and the other is a gray buck top with patent vamp. Both have military heels and neat, dressy toe. Well finished.

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"La Sequence" Shirt Blouse

The High-Neck, Tucked-Bosom Shirt-Blouses of Newest Autumn Fashion

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Developed in beautiful grades of satin-striped CREPE DE CHINE

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WHITE GEORGETTE CREPE

It is a fact that the cost of the materials alone, bought separately, would exceed this sale price for the completed blouse in this highly desirable fashion.

Predominating colors in the stripings are Blue and Brown and Green and Blue. Sizes 34 to 44.

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\$6.95

Very Extraordinarily Offering at \$38.50

Two Individual Models in Women's Serge Dresses

Of Exceptional Character and Worth

"Corimette"

With an apron-panel that forms bodice and tunic—all embroidered in hand-some arabesques of twine-braiding.

The back is embroidered to match, with a charming variation of tunic treatment.

Fringed and girdled with double-face black satin.



\$38.50

Every detail of the dresses, from bindings to linings, is of a character expected only in higher-priced garments.

Navy Blue and Black.

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"Denise"

Every line designed to accentuate the slender grace of the modish silhouette.

Panels back and front embroidered in twine-braiding.

Floating panel sides edged with twist-fringe. Ornaments of cording and fringed tassels.

\$38.50

Anticipate—Buy Madeira Linens NOW

Real Madeira 13 Piece Luncheon Sets, hand scalloped and hand embroidered. Set \$4.25.

Real Madeira Afternoon Tea and Luncheon Napkins, hand embroidered rose scalloped, with dainty hand embroidered corners, \$5.25 doz.

Real Madeira Bureau and Dresser Scarfs, hand scalloped and hand embroidered.

Sizes 18x36 at \$2.75 to \$6.25
 Sizes 18x45 at \$4.50 to \$7.00
 Sizes 18x54 at \$4.75 to \$8.75

Real Madeira Linen Pillow Slips, hand scalloped and hand embroidered, \$2.50 each.

Real Madeira Hand Embroidered and Hand Scallop Centerpieces, exceptional values, size 22 in. in diameter, at \$1.75 each.

Real Madeira Hand Embroidered and Hand Scallop Napkin and Handkerchief Cases at 60c, 75c and 85c each.

Real Madeira Hand Embroidered and Hand Scallop Bread Tray Doylies, size 6x12, at 25c and 35c each.

Real Madeira Guest Room Towels, hand embroidered rose scalloped ends on fine Irish Linen Huck, size 15x24, at \$1.24 each.

GIMBELS—Linen Section—Second Floor.

A Silverware Factory Is Making Razors

Others have other war work to do. In the face of which we are offering

Savings on Table Silver of 25 to 33 1/3%

Reproduction of Sheffield Plate Sandwich Trays, pierced design, \$4.50

Fruit and Cake Baskets, pierced design, \$5.50

Bon Bon Baskets, pierced design, \$2.00

Casseroles, pierced design, with Pyrex baking dish, \$4.75

Quadruple Silver Plated Hollow Ware

Syrup Pitcher with Tray, plain polished fluted design, complete, \$2.50

Bread or Roll Tray, beaded edge, \$2.25

Candlesticks, plain Colonial design, \$2.50

\$3.75

BREAD OR ROLL TRAY, pierced design, with handle, \$3.75



Sheffield Meat Platter—18-inch, \$12.00

20-inch, \$13.00

1847 Rogers Bros.' Silverware at Half Price

Tea Spoons, \$3.00 dozen

Dessert Spoons, \$5.00 dozen

Soup Spoons, \$5.00 dozen

Table Spoons, \$5.00 dozen

Orange Spoons, \$4.00 dozen

Fancy Serving Pieces 1847 Rogers Bros.' Ware

Cold Meat Forks, 75c each

Cake Forks, 75c each

Gravy Ladles, \$1.00 each

GIMBELS—Main Floor

12-dwt. Table Knives—GIMBEL Bros. Special, \$4.75 Doz.

12-dwt. Dessert Knives, \$4.25 dozen

Table Knives—GIMBEL Brothers Special—continued

16-dwt. Medium Knives, \$5.00 dozen

16-dwt. Dessert Knives, \$4.50 dozen

\$15.75 Complete.

COFFEE SETS; 4 pieces, coffee pot, sugar bowl, pitcher and tray. Plain design, tall and graceful. Complete, \$15.75

GIMBELS—Main Floor

12-dwt. Table Knives—GIMBEL Bros. Special, \$4.75 Doz.

12-dwt. Dessert Knives, \$4.25 dozen

Table Knives—GIMBEL Brothers Special—continued

16-dwt. Medium Knives, \$5.00 dozen

16-dwt. Dessert Knives, \$4.50 dozen

\$15.75 Complete.

COFFEE SETS; 4 pieces, coffee pot, sugar bowl, pitcher and tray. Plain design, tall and graceful. Complete, \$15.75

GIMBELS—Main Floor

Blankets for Less—Now!

"Woolen" means part wool and part cotton; wool means all wool; cotton means all cotton without a trace of wool. But whether you buy wool; woolen or cotton at GIMBELS you may rest assured of the very best obtainable at lowest prices—based on advance buying.

White Wool and Cotton Mixed Blankets, size 70x85 inches. \$6.75 pr.

7,000 Pairs White Plaid and Gray Woolen Blankets.

White Heavy Wool and Cotton Blankets. Extra size, 72x90 inches. \$9.50 pr.

White Ohio Wool and Cotton Mixed Blankets, size 72x90 inches. \$10 pr.

White Fine California Woolen Blankets, cotton warp, all-wool filling, in two grades, 72x90 inches. \$12.50 and \$15 pr.

White All Wool Blankets. Fine California stock, cut and bound separate. Wide silk binding. Note size, 80x90 inches. \$22.50 pr.

White California Woolen Blankets, cut and bound single, with wide colored taffeta silk binding to match border. Size 72x90 inches at \$17.50 pair

Plaid Blankets, all cotton plaids, fine soft finish, in two sizes: Size 66x80 inches, \$5 pr

Size 72x82 inches, \$5.95 pr

Plaid Woolen Blankets, wool and cotton mixed, black patterns; colors, pink, blue, tan and gray. Wide bindings. Size 68x80 inches, \$7.75 pr

Plaid Woolen Blankets, extra heavy weight for cold and chilly nights. Extra size, 72x90 in. \$12.75 pr

GIMBELS—Blanket Section, Second Floor.

Plain Woolen Blankets, fine Ohio woolen stock, mixed; sizes 72x82 and 72x84 inches. Wool and cotton \$10.95 pair

Plaid Blankets, all wool; fine California stock; wide colored silk binding; size 70x80 inches. \$16.75 pr

Gray Woolen Blankets, wool and cotton mixed; size 60x80 inches. Specially priced.

\$7.50, \$8.50 and \$9.75

Gray Woolen Blankets, size 66x80 inches, \$6.95 and \$15.50 pr

Beacon Cotton Colored Blankets. Size 70x84 inches. \$5.50

Size 72x84 inches. \$6.00

Size 72x90 inches. \$9.00

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The Women's Shop for Values.

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168 Smart New

Serge

Dresses

16.75

High cost dresses that are

easily worth \$25.00 and

more; fashioned of fine

Wool Serge, splendidly

tailored, braid trimmed,

embroidered or fringed;

black or navy; all sizes.